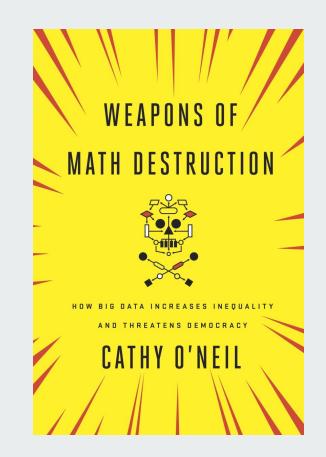
Weapons of Math Destruction

CIS 399 - Science of Data Ethics Kevin Sim, Sam Holland, Joe Goodman, Sam Davis, Rounak Gokhale, Drew Boyette, Priyansh Sharma

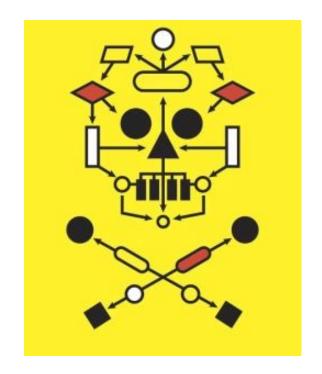


Overview / Themes

- "How big data increases inequality and threatens democracy
- The damage inflicted on society by these **weapons of math destruction**
- In what ways have algorithmic decisions affected our lives for the worse?

What is a 'weapon of math destruction?'

- A mathematical model that encodes "prejudice, misunderstanding, and bias"
- Often hurts individuals who are the exception
- No setup for **feedback**, it does not learn from its mistakes



Who is Cathy O'Neill?

- Academic-turned-data scientist
- Worked at a hedge fund in the height of the 2008 recession
- Saw the risk model attached to mortgages as a WMD
- Started 'Mathbabe' blog to write about WMDs



Arms Race: Going to College

- Premise: U.S. News & World Report college rankings
- 25% determined by president/provost questionnaires
- 75% of score determined by an algorithm with proxies like SAT scores, graduation rate, and percentage of alumni who contribute

Arms Race: Going to College

- Problems with scale: all schools, nationwide, are forced to the **exact same standards**
- A traditional "safety" school can reject more of it's top applicants because statistically they won't enroll, which will improve its acceptance rate metric and boost its rating
- Financial aid and nonprofit status are not proxies in the algorithm

Arms Race: Going to College

- Obama suggested creating a new rankings model that would take into account affordability,
 percentage of minority students, and post-grad job placement
- Heavy pushback from college presidents, who had spent time and effort "optimizing themselves" for the U.S. News rankings
- Education Dept. chooses to releases raw data online, aka "the opposite of a WMD"

Online Advertising

- For-profit colleges
- The targeted advertising pipeline
- Lead generation
- CALDER study
- Nefarious feedback loop
- Payday loans
- Strategic or predatory?

Civilian Casualties: Justice in the Age of Big Data

- Algorithms in criminal justice
- Predpol
- Feedback loop
- Fairness vs. Efficiency



Getting a Job



- Kronos test assesses job applicant's personalities
 - Those who did not pass this test were immediately denied
- It's actually Illegal to have intelligence tests be a basis for hiring (Griggs v. Duke Power Company)
- The conclusions drawn from certain questions are not intuitive
- Automatic resume screening programs tend to harm those not in a position to optimize resumes
 - Similar effects were observed in St. George's med school admission system
- Some companies use "churn" algorithms that target poorer regions

On the Job



- Scheduling software leads to people being totally unable to plan their lives in advanced
- Even companies vowing to remove these practices failed because of manager's pay structures
- The effects of this on people can be far reaching, especially for parents
- Models that attempt to measure worker's ideas and influence cost jobs of people who don't digitally share ideas.
- The teacher rating model from earlier was influenced by misleading data as well.
 - Regulations passed in 2015 allowed for more flexibility in assessing schools

Landing Credit

- Loans originated from banker
 - Rated based off subjective characteristics
 - Church-going habits
 - Private family affairs
- Transition to algorithmic loans
 - FICO credit scores
 - eScore proxies



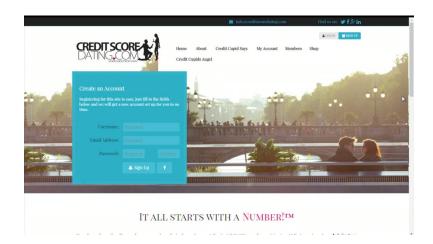
eScores Feedback Loop

- Borrowers from rougher neighborhoods receive lower scores
 - More defaults from that area
 - Leads to less credit and higher rates
- Used for payday loans and for-profit colleges ads
 - Illegal to use credit scores for marketing
 - Invisible to wealthier demographics
- Errors in data collection
 - 5%—ten million people—had at least one error on one of their credit reports
 - Abundance of data in unregulated consumer profiles
 - More likely disregarded for privileged people



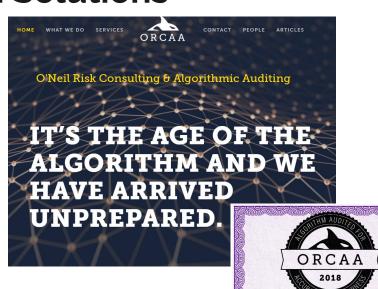
Credit Score Proxy

- Credit Score used as a metric
 - Applying to jobs
 - Online dating
- Allows missed credit to affect other areas
 - Leads back to feedback loops
 - Inability to get a job -> lowers ability to pay bills -> harder to get job
- Cyclical Unemployment lowers correlation
 - Trustworthiness, hardworking, responsibility
 - Credit Score
 - Affects those without savings



Potential Future Loan Solutions

- Regularization of data and data usage
- Data Science Hippocratic Oath
- Mandatory Certificate of Fairness



Getting Insurance

Insurance data

- Used to divide us into smaller tribes
- Companies delineate neighborhoods where they would not invest

Auto-insurance

- Adults with clean driving records and poor credit scores paid \$1,552 more than the same drivers with excellent credit and a drunk driving conviction
- Win-win for auto insurers
- Insurance models are fine-tuned to draw as much money as possible from subgroups



Employee Data Usage

- Data companies are using cell phone data divide people into tribes based on their behavior
- Next step: developing health scores and wielding them to sift through job candidates
- CVS started requiring employees to report their health checkups or pay \$600 a year
- Companies are overusing data to score us as potential employees and as workers



The Targeted Citizen - Civic Life



- Role of Algorithms in swaying politics
- Social Media posts/updates influence political behavior
 - information gathered by researchers to study this effect of updates on political results i.e
 shared links, impact of different words
- Political Microtargeting
 - Allows politicians to manipulate voters, only caters to engaged voters
 - Extends to our civic life (ex: what news we are fed on TV)
- Merging of politics and modern consumer marketing
 - Use of big data/predictive analytics in determining where to target campaigns/speeches

Conclusion

- **Different WMDs intertwined together** poor people often targeted, data about bad credit feeds into WMD's targeting people for incarceration
- Importance of regulating and monitoring these WMD's (Fairness vs. profit)
 - o Individual companies vs general public
- Accountability of data scientists establish "philosophical grounding"
 - Some cases we sacrifice accuracy for fairness (accuracy vs. fairness tradeoff) =
 "dumbing down algorithms"
- <u>Takeaway: We are becoming increasingly reliant on predictive models and</u> <u>data. It is important that we take responsibility in regulating and integrating</u> <u>fairness into these models which dictate our data-driven society.</u>

