

Reinforcement Learning for Optimized Trade Execution

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Background on Market Microstructure

- Consider a typical exchange for some specific stock
- **Limit** order: specify price (away from the market)
- (Non-executable) Orders are placed in the buy or sell **book**
 - sorted by price; top prices are the **bid** and **ask**
- (Partially) Executable orders are filled immediately
 - prices determined by standing orders in the book
 - one order may execute at multiple prices
 - the “mechanical” component of market impact
- **Market order**: limit order with an extreme price
- Full order books now visible in real time
- What are they good for?

refresh island home disclaimer help			
		GET STOCK <input type="text" value="MSFT"/> <input type="button" value="go"/> Symbol Search	
LAST MATCH		TODAY'S ACTIVITY	
Price	24.0700	Orders	52,989
Time	14:57:07.72	Volume	10,243,212
BUY ORDERS		SELL ORDERS	
SHARES	PRICE	SHARES	PRICE
500	24.0620	500	24.0690
6,000	24.0610	500	24.0690
5,000	24.0600	500	24.0700
100	24.0600	200	24.0800
1,100	24.0550	1,981	24.0900
100	24.0500	412	24.0900
5,000	24.0500	3,000	24.0980
200	24.0500	500	24.1000
3,294	24.0500	100	24.1200
1,000	24.0500	2,800	24.1400
3,000	24.0430	5,000	24.1400
100	24.0400	1,000	24.1400
5,503	24.0400	5,000	24.1500
2,100	24.0300	400	24.1600
2,800	24.0300	1,000	24.1700
(412 more)		(694 more)	

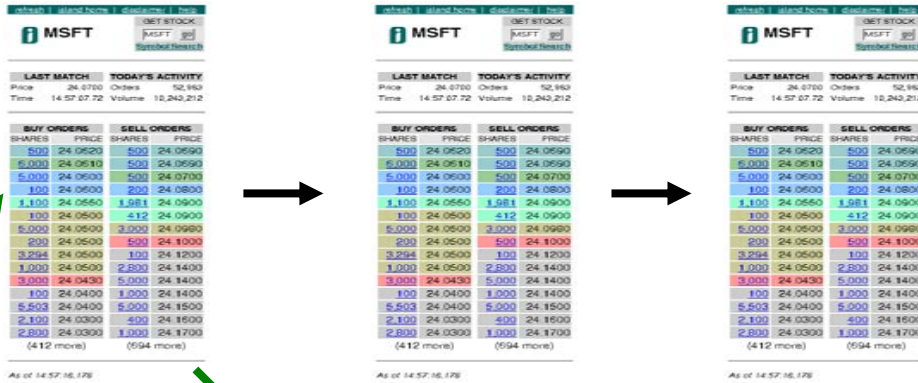
Optimized Trade Execution

- Canonical execution problem: sell V shares in T time steps
 - must place market order for any unexecuted shares at time T
 - trade-off between price, time... and liquidity
 - problem is ubiquitous
- Canonical goal: Volume Weighted Average Price (VWAP)
 - attempt to attain per-share average price of executions
 - widely used on Wall Street; reduces risk sources to execution

RL for Optimized Execution

- Basic idea: execution as **state-based stochastic optimal control**
 - **state**: time and shares remaining... what else?
 - **actions**: position(s) of orders within the book
 - **rewards**: prices received for executions
 - **stochastic**: because same state may evolve differently in time
- This work: large-scale application of RL to microstructure
- Related work:
 - Bertsimas and Lo
 - Coggins, Blazejewski, Aitken

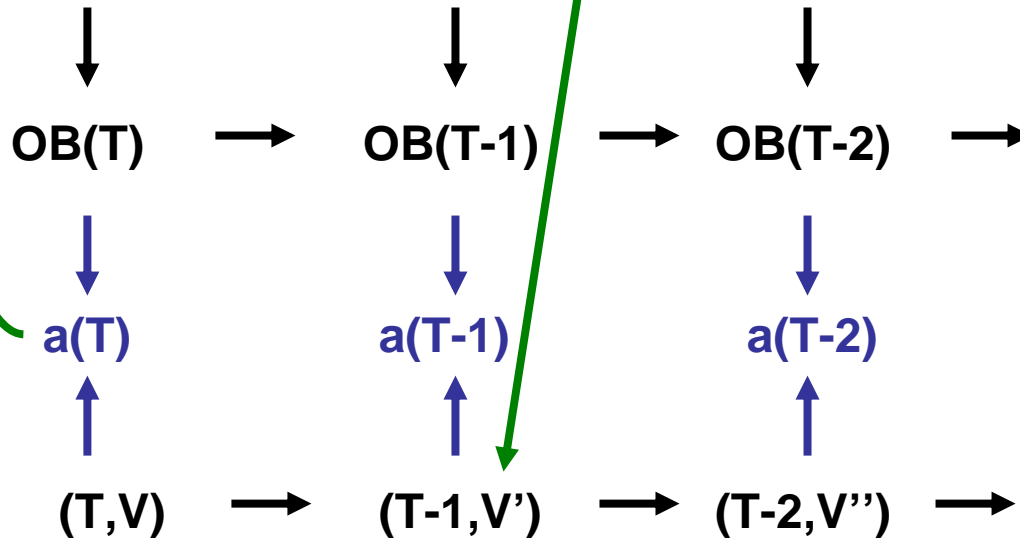
“No Impact” State Factorization



Full OB State:

OB execution simulation → reward (share prices)

OB State Features:



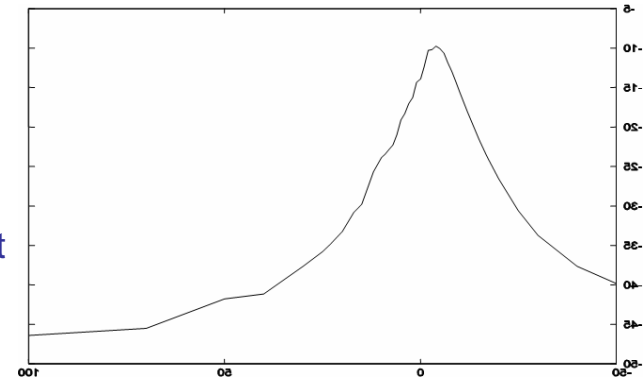
Policy:

Private State:

*Massive saving
What OB features?
computation...
Will it work?
Action: limit price for
remaining volume
Training only,
do full OB sim
on test data*

Experimental Details

- Stocks: AMZN, NVDA, QCOM (varying liquidities)
- $V = 5K$ and $10K$ shares
 - divided into 1, 4 or 8 levels of observed discretization
- $T = 2$ and 8 mins
 - divided into 4 or 8 decision points
- Explored a variety of OB state features
- Learned optimal strategy on 1 year of INET training data
- Tested strategy on subsequent 6 months of test data
- Evaluation:
 - compare to optimized **submit and leave** strategies
 - best single limit order price at start of trading interval
 - simplest form of learning
 - performance criterion: **implementation shortfall**
 - basis points compared to all shares at initial spread midpoint
 - an unattainable ideal (infinite liquidity assumption)



Trading Cost vs. Limit Price



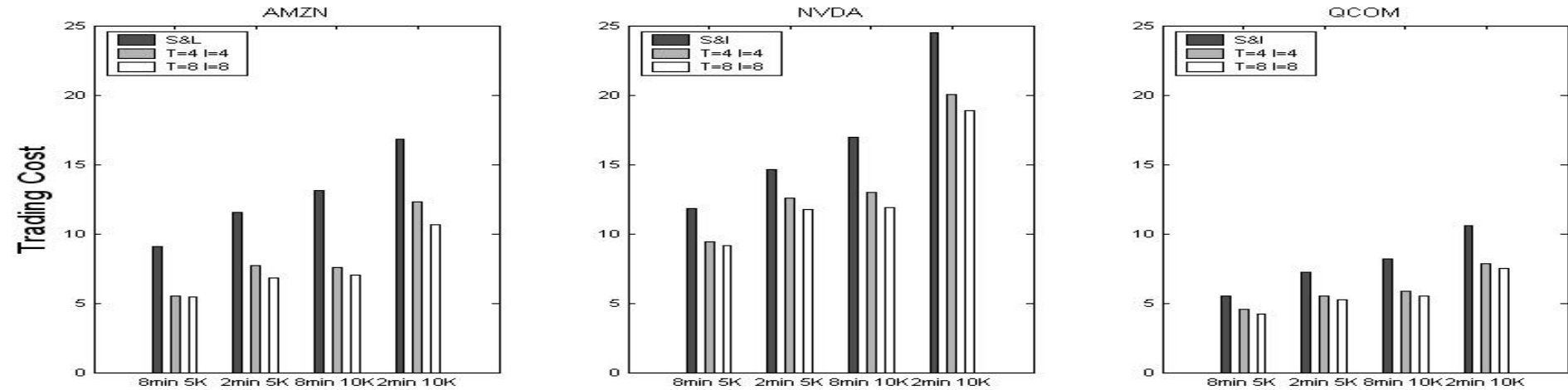
deep in OB



M.O. at start

Results

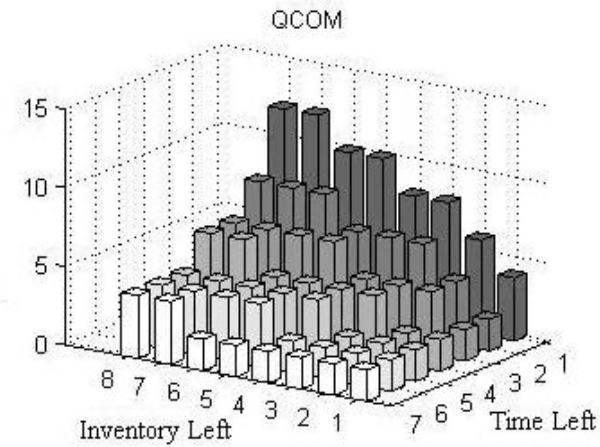
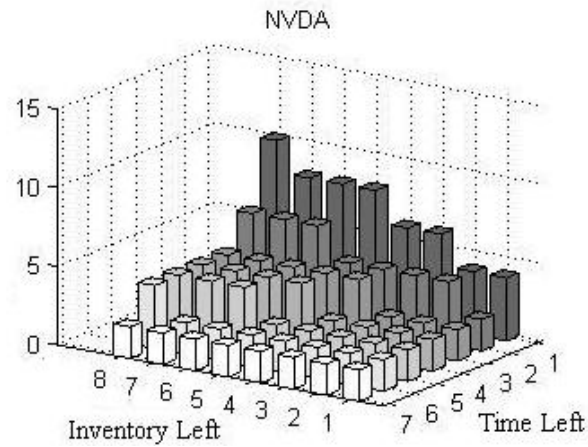
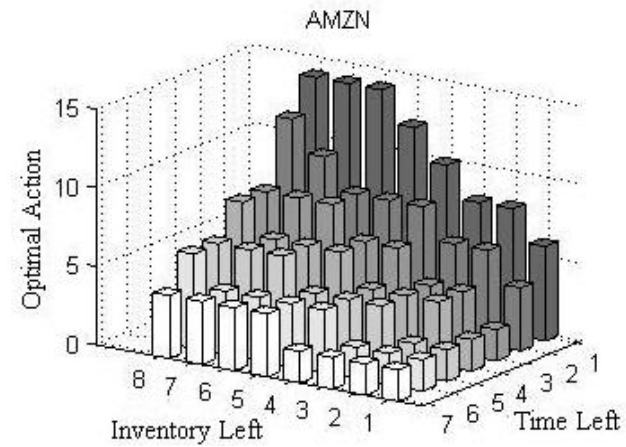
Private State Variables Only: Time and Inventory Remaining



Average Improvement Over Optimized Submit-and-Leave

T=4 I=1	27.16%	T=8 I=1	31.15%
T=4 I=4	30.99%	T=8 I=4	34.90%
T=4 I=8	31.59%	T=8 I=8	35.50%

Strategy Visualization (10K, 2min)

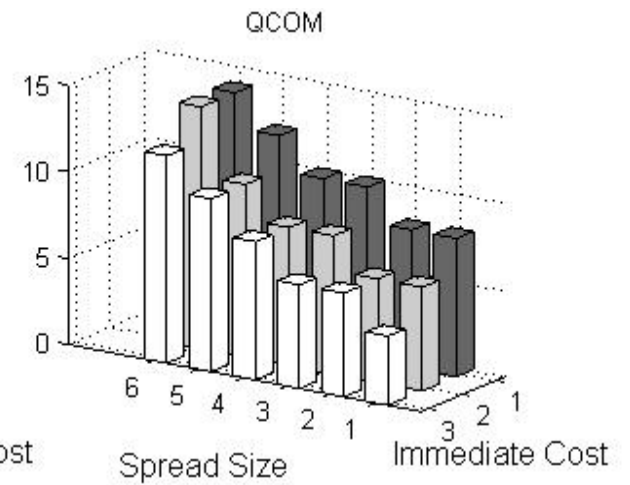
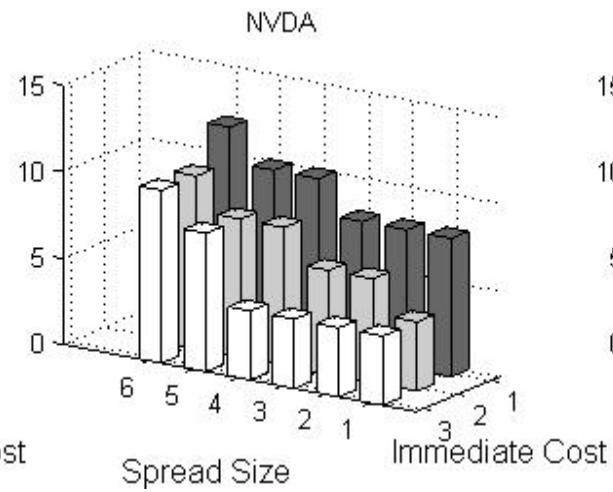
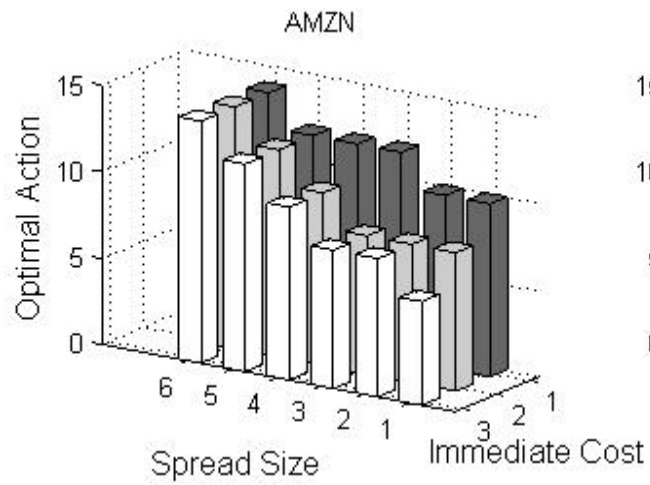


General shape is intuitive, but (stock-specific) numerical optimization matters!

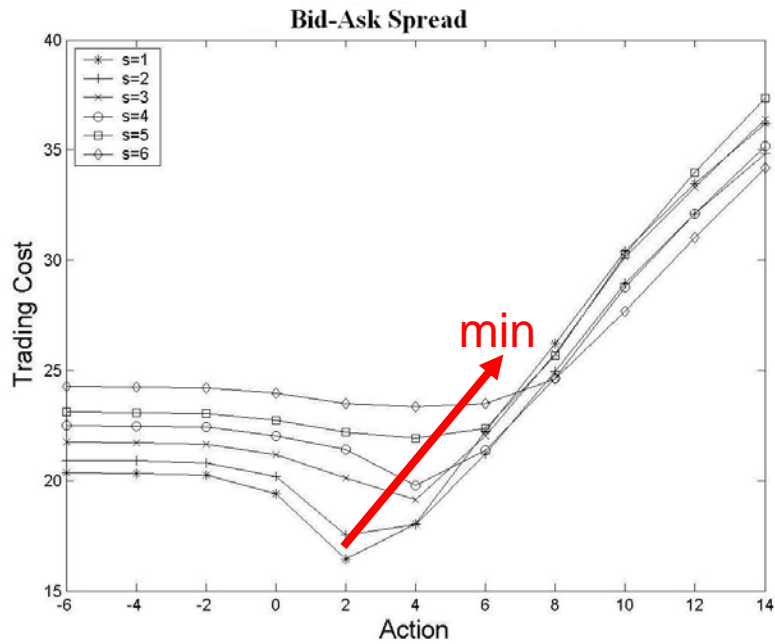
Improvement From Order Book Features

Bid Volume	-0.06%	Ask Volume	-0.28%
Bid-Ask Volume Misbalance	0.13%	Bid-Ask Spread	7.97%
Price Level	0.26%	Immediate Market Order Cost	4.26%
Signed Transaction Volume	2.81%	Price Volatility	-0.55%
Spread Volatility	1.89%	Signed Incoming Volume	0.59%
Spread + Immediate Cost	8.69%	Spread+ImmCost+Signed Vol	12.85%

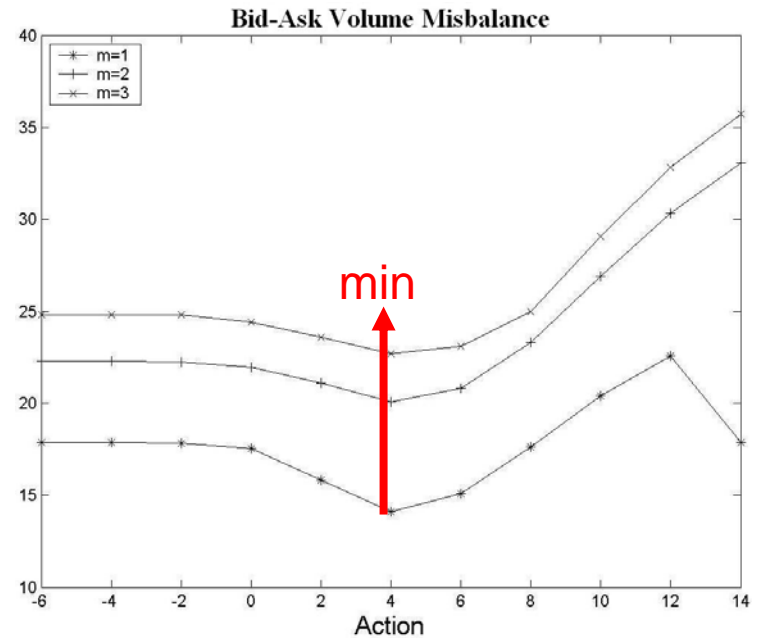
Strategy Visualization II



Q-Values: Trading Costs vs. Actions



predictive and actionable



predictive but not actionable

Future Work

- “Fancier” RL
 - function approximation
 - may permit richer feature set, but...
- RL for other stylized trading problems
 - market-making strategies
- Theory: low-impact RL?