

In Memoriam

# Martin Hofmann

Benjamin C. Pierce

with help from Thorsten Altenkirch, Nick Benton, Lennart Berlinger, Ugo Dal Lago, Javier Esparza, Favonia, Jan Hoffman, Annette Fischer, Jan Johannsen, Martin Lange, Uwe Nestmann, Tobias Nipkow, Randy Pollack, Don Sannella, Thomas Streicher, and Martin Wirsing



Photo by Dusko Pavlovic, 2015

MH, Thomas Streicher, “**The Groupoid Model Refutes Uniqueness of Identity Proofs**”, 1994

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MH, Wei Chen: **Abstract interpretation from Büchi automata**. 2014

Martin Hofmann, Jeremy Ledent. **A cartesian-closed category for higher-order model checking**. 2017

**PC member** in 2015, 2013, 2004, 2000

**PC chair** in 2018

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PC chair in 2018

# Martin and LICS

Nick Benton (17)  
Lennart Beringer (15)  
BCP (8)  
Thomas Streicher (8)  
Hans-Wolfgang Loidl (8)  
Vivek Nigam (8)  
Ugo Dal Lago (7)  
Thorsten Altenkirch (6)  
Steffen Jost (6)  
Amal Ahmed (6)  
David Aspinall (6)  
Jan Hoffmann (5)  
Ulrich Schöpp (5)  
Andrew Kennedy (4)  
Alberto Momigliano (4)  
Donald Sannella (4)  
Klaus Aehlig (4)  
Kevin Hammond (4)  
Dulma Rodriguez (4)  
Norman Scaife (3)  
Ramya (3)  
J. Gregory Morrisett (3)  
Lars Birkedal (3)  
Ian Stark (3)

Serdar Erbatur (3)  
Robert Grabowski (3)  
Georg Moser (3)  
Aleksandr Karbyshev (3)  
Daniel Wagner (3)  
Harald Ruess (2)  
Philip J. Scott (2)  
Reinhold Heckmann (2)  
Robert F. Pointon (2)  
Roy Dyckhoff (2)  
Olha Shkaravska (2)  
Helmut Seidl (2)  
Jocelyn Sérot (2)  
John Hughes (2)  
Wei Chen (2)  
Christian Ferdinand (2)  
Mariela Pavlova (2)  
Andy Wallace (2)  
Martin Lange (2)  
Eugen Zalinescu (2)  
Martín Hötzel Escardó (2)  
Christoph Senjak (2)  
Andrej Bauer (2)  
Stephen Gilmore (2)

Greg J. Michaelson (2)  
Patrick Baillot (1)  
Helmut Schwichtenberg (1)  
Peter Dybjer (1)  
Peter Müller (1)  
Pierre Crégut (1)  
Ivan Scagnetto (1)  
Richard Garner (1)  
Dusko Pavlovic (1)  
Jaap van Oosten (1)  
Sabine Bauer (1)  
Jeremy Ledent (1)  
Stephan Barth (1)  
Pawel Urzyczyn (1)  
Axel Rauschmayer (1)  
Stephen Bellantoni (1)  
Pierre-Louis Curien (1)  
Erik Poll (1)  
Jirí Adámek (1)  
Thierry Coquand (1)  
Ulrich Berger 0001 (1)  
Kenneth MacKenzie (1)  
Christian Dax (1)  
Francis Tang (1)

Keqin Li (1)  
Wolfgang Naraschewski (1)  
Furio Honsell (1)  
Eric Vétillard (1)  
Jeremy Yallop (1)  
Germán Puebla (1)  
Marino Miculan (1)  
Christian Neukirchen (1)  
Gilles Barthe (1)  
Terry Stroup (1)  
Benjamin Grégoire (1)  
Martin Steffen (1)  
Giuseppe Rosolini (1)  
Martin Wirsing (1)  
Gordon Cichon (1)  
Masahito Hasegawa (1)  
Matija Pretnar (1)  
Gordon D. Plotkin (1)  
Matthias Felleisen (1)  
Anna Bucalo (1)  
Michal Konecný (1)  
James Gabbay (1)

## **Collaborators**

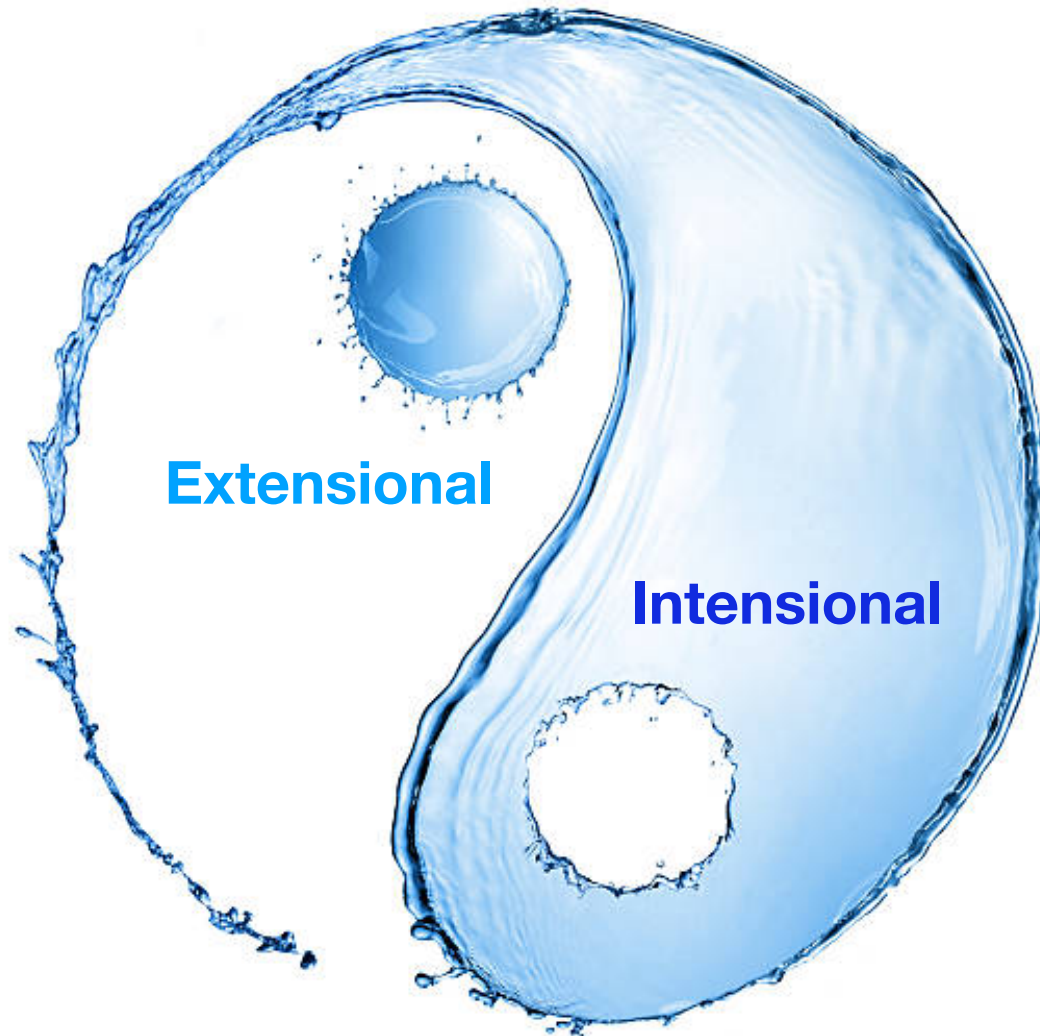




1965	Born in Erlangen, Germany
1984 - 1991	Undergraduate studies (Diplom in Informatics), University of Erlangen
1987 - 1988	Undergraduate studies (Maitrise de Mathematiques), Université de Nice
1990	Married to Annette Fischer
1991 - 1995	PhD studies at LFCS, University of Edinburgh
1993	Daughter Johanna born
1995 - 1998	Research assistant, University of Darmstadt (Habilitation, June 1999)
1996	Son Matthias born
1998 - 2001	Lecturer and Reader, University of Edinburgh
2001	Assistant professor, University of Darmstadt
2001 - 2018	Professor, Ludwig-Maximilians University, Munich
2001	Daughter Elisabeth born
2018	died in Japan



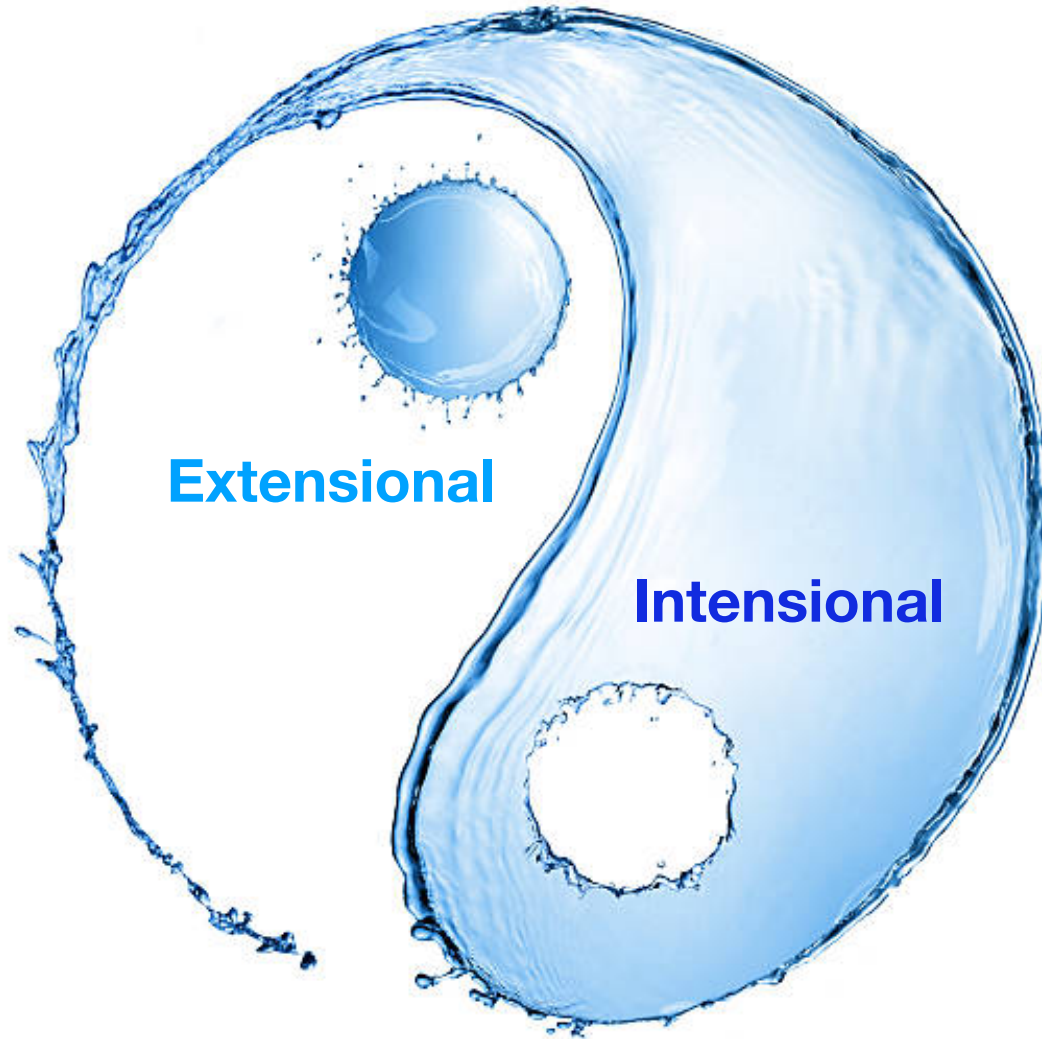




**Extensional**

**Intensional**

Martin Hofmann was most known for his research on the relationship between extensional properties (input/output semantics) and intensional properties (relating to the code/algorithm) of computation. This started with his PhD thesis, which showed how the convenience and power of extensional reasoning could be soundly obtained within intensional type theory.

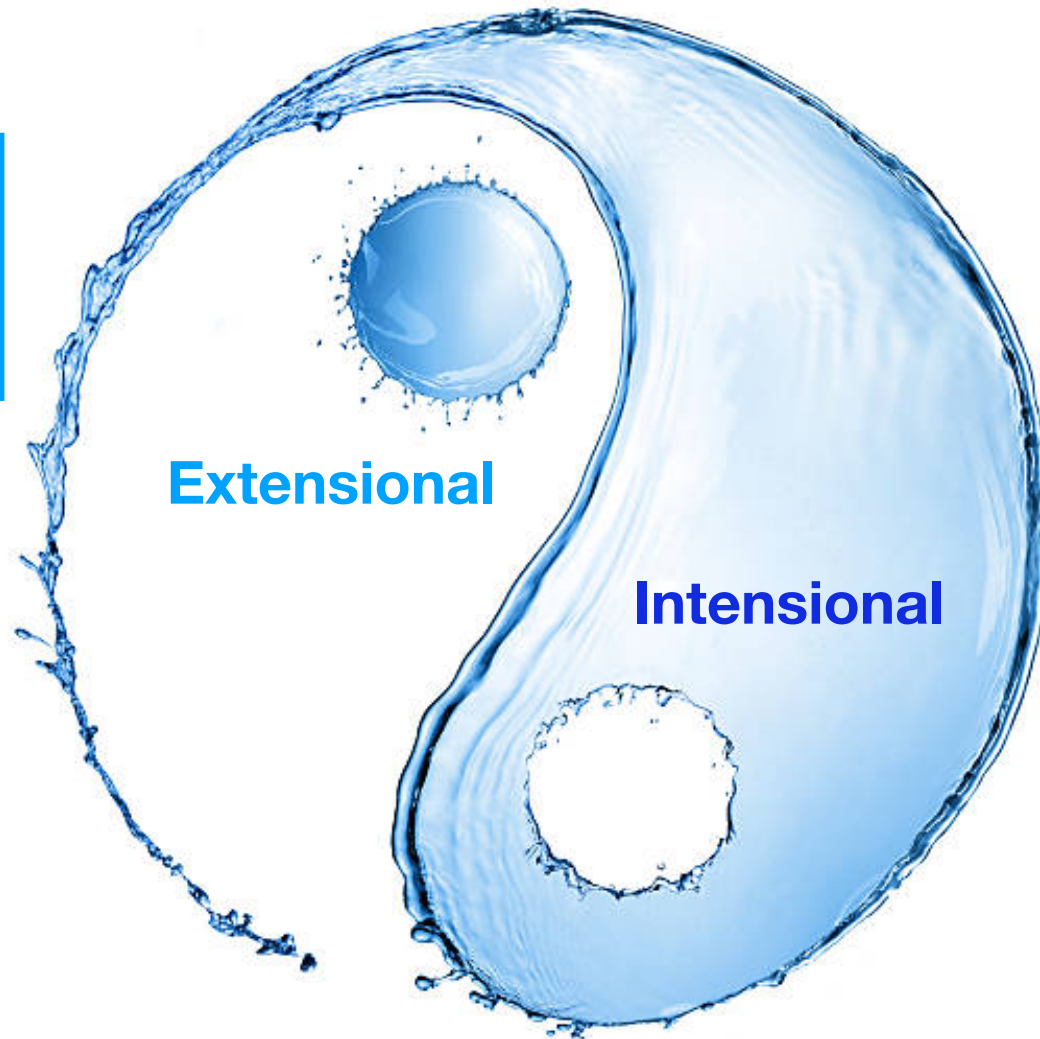


**Extensional**

**Intensional**

Type theory  
and  
semantics

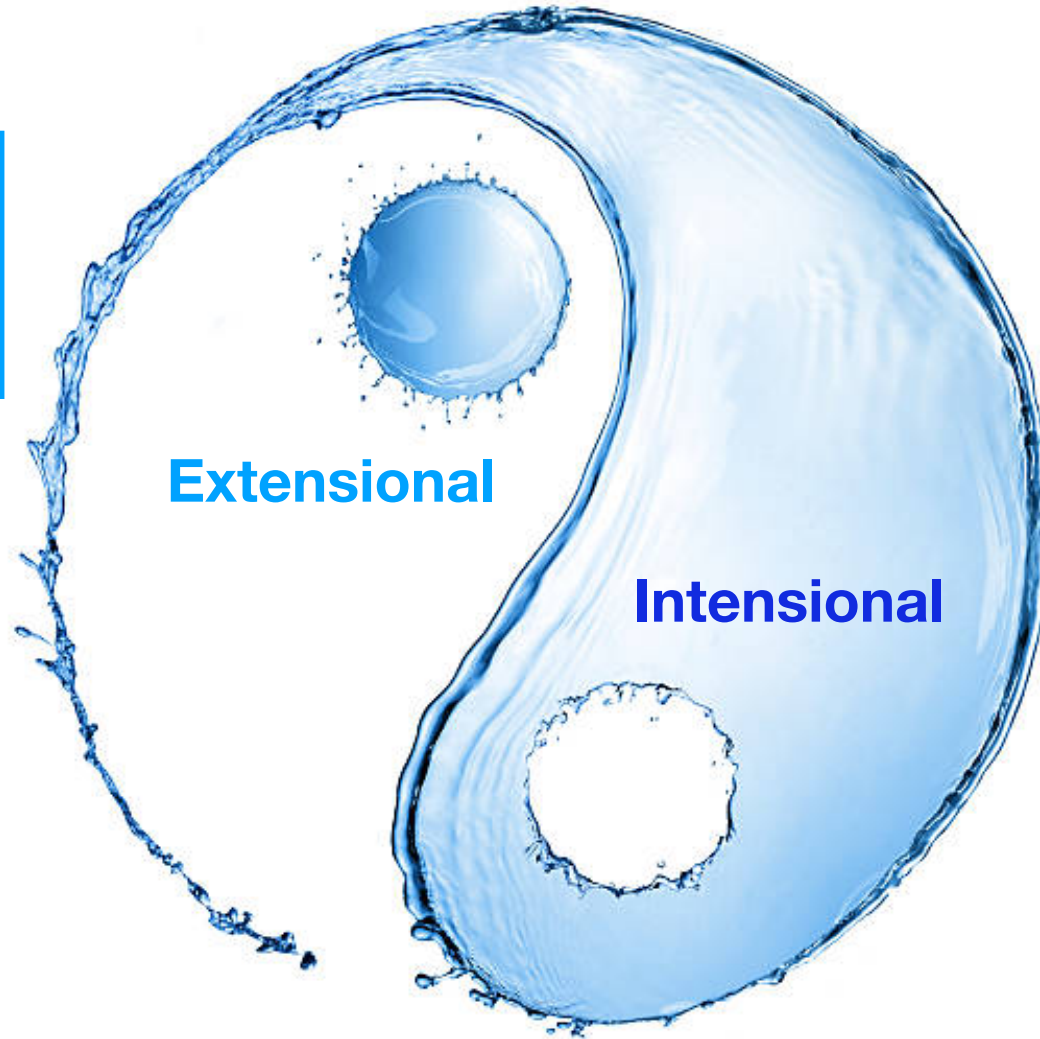
1995-





Type theory  
and  
semantics

1995-

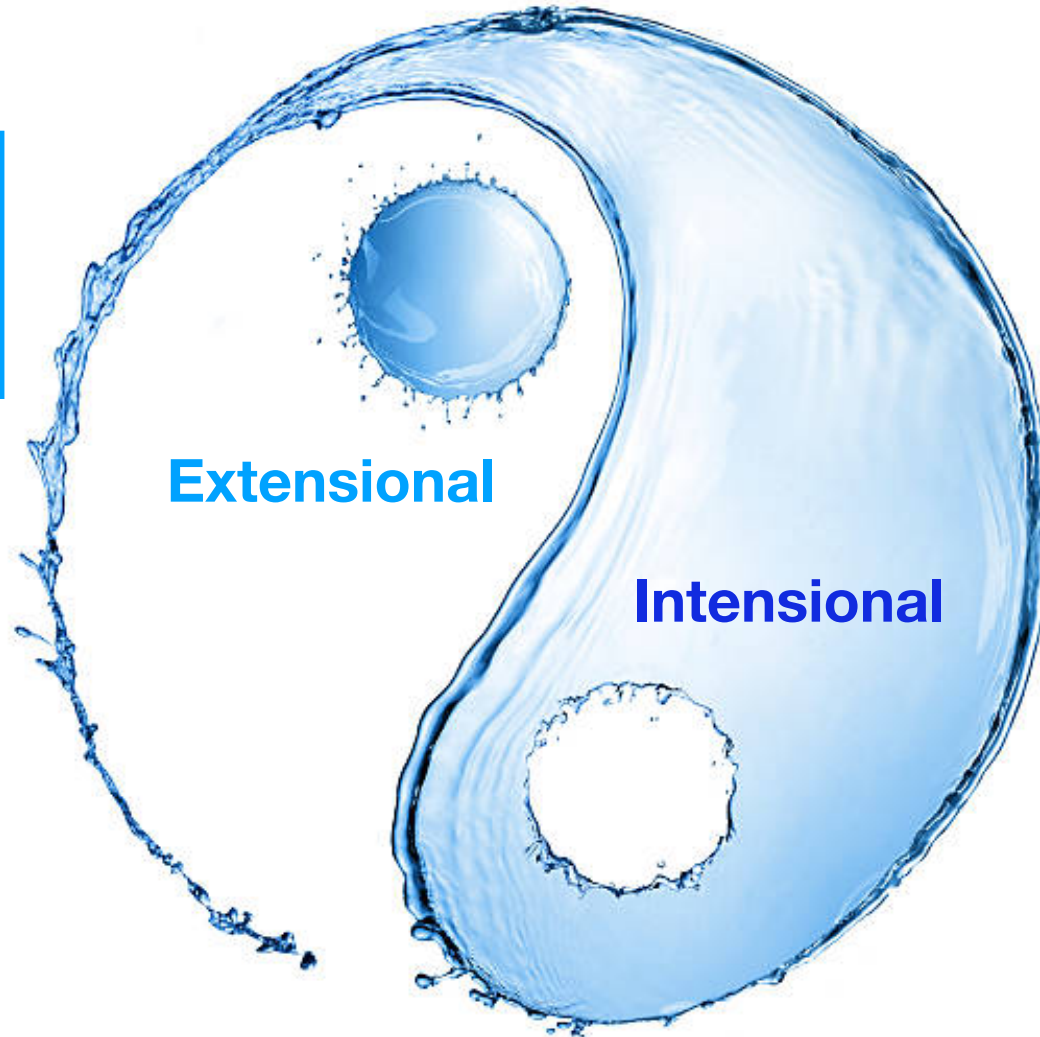


Types and  
asymptotic  
complexity

1998-

Type theory  
and  
semantics

1995-



Extensional

Intensional

Types and  
asymptotic  
complexity

1998-

Types for  
resource  
bounds

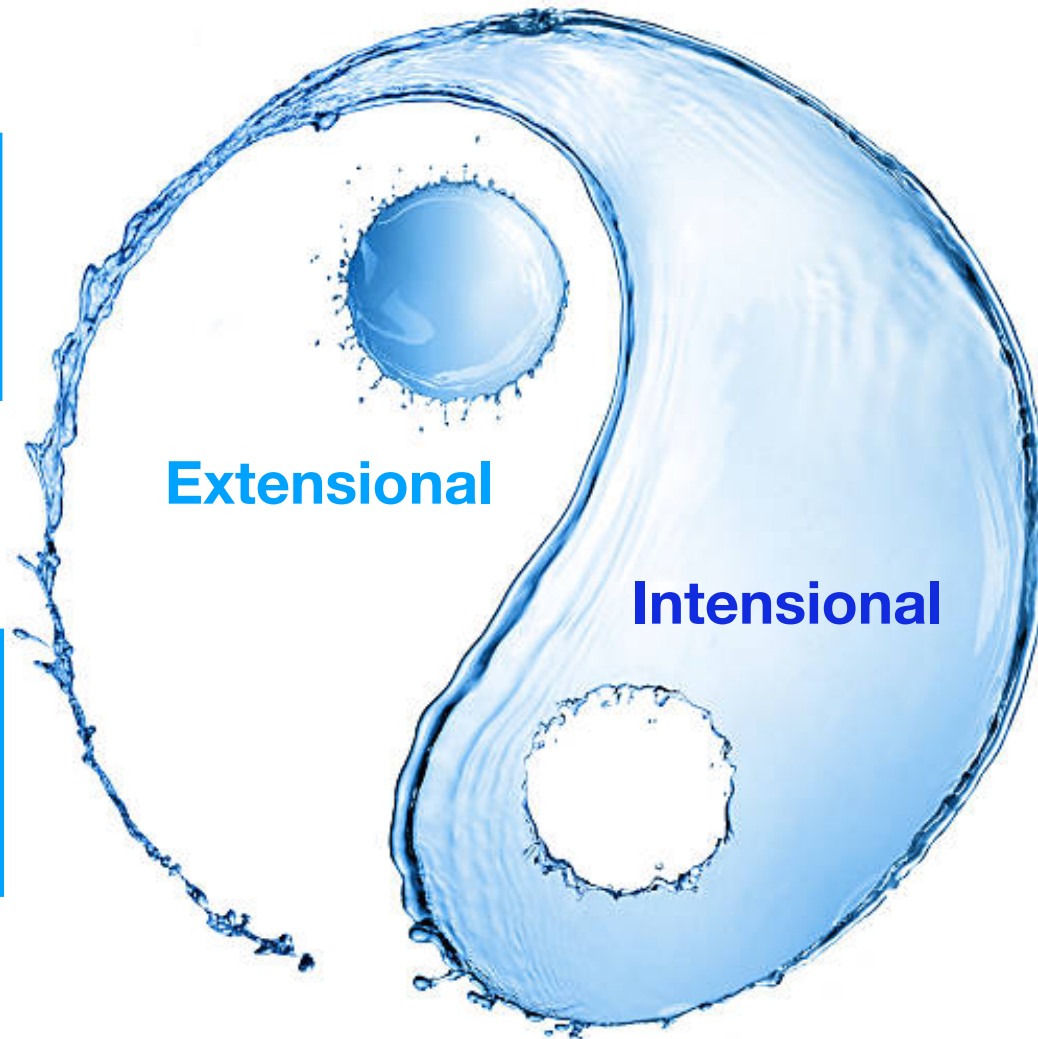
2000-

Type theory  
and  
semantics

1995-

Relational  
semantics  
of effects

2007-



Types and  
asymptotic  
complexity

1998-

Types for  
resource  
bounds

2000-

## Categories

Type theory  
and  
semantics

1995-

Relational  
semantics  
of effects

2007-

Extensional

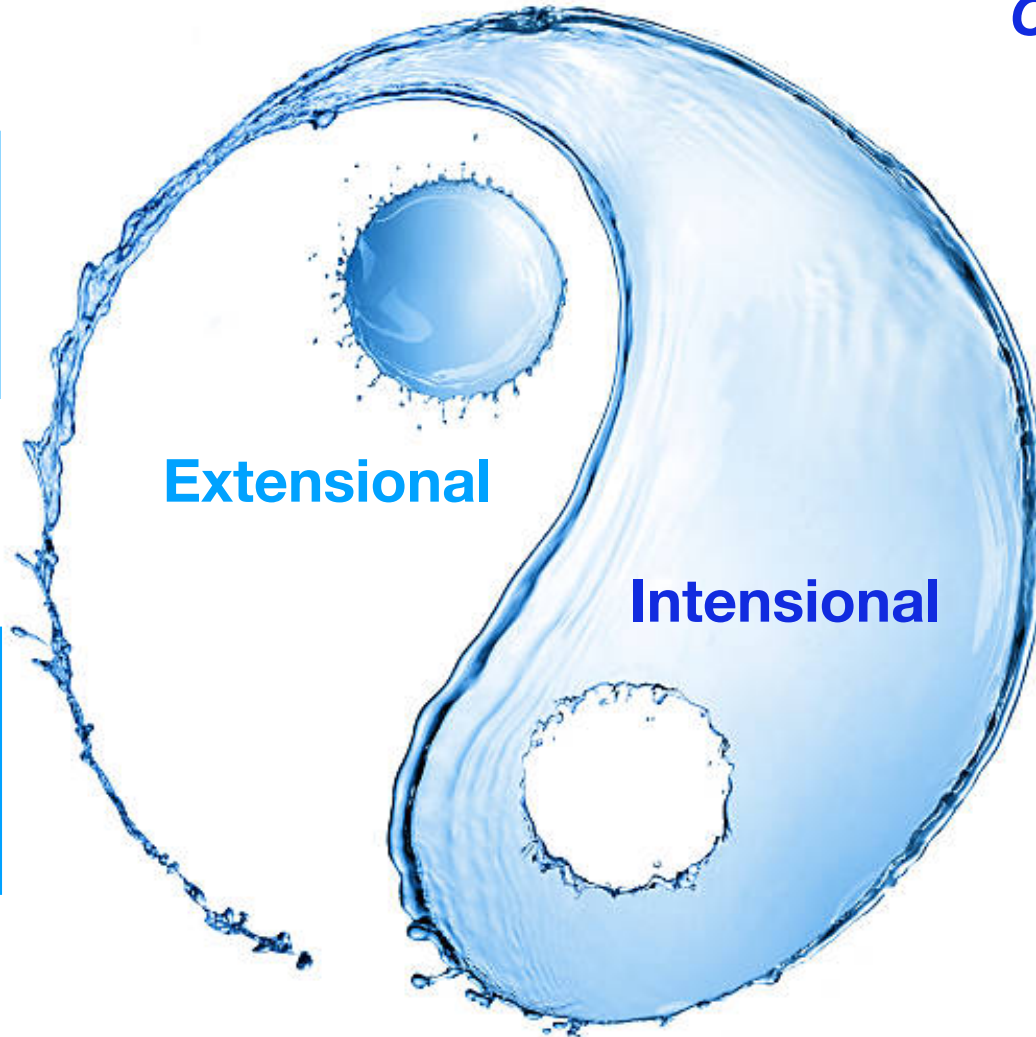
Intensional

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1998-

Types for  
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2000-



Erlangen



Denmark

Sweden

Netherlands

Poland

Belgium

Germany

Czech Rep.

Erlangen

France

Slovakia

Switzerland

Italy

Austria



Hungary









**University of Erlangen**



**Informatics**



# Verifikation von ML-Programmen mit dem Beweisprüfer Lego

Diplomarbeit im Fach Informatik

*Martin Hofmann-Fischer*

geboren am 9. November 1965  
in Erlangen

Lehrstuhl für Informatik VII  
Rechnerarchitektur und -Verkehrstheorie  
Institut für Mathematische Maschinen und Datenverarbeitung  
Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg

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Beginn: 8. Februar 1991  
Abgabe: 7. August 1991

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**Randy Pollack**



Hetzelsdorf

Edinburgh



THE UNIVERSITY  
*of* EDINBURGH

**James Clerk Maxwell Building**  
**Kings Buildings**  
**University of Edinburgh**

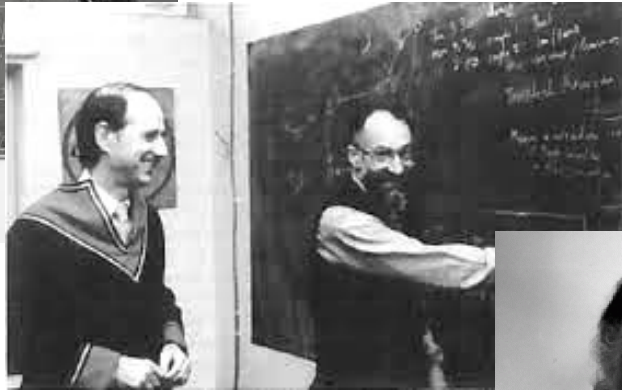




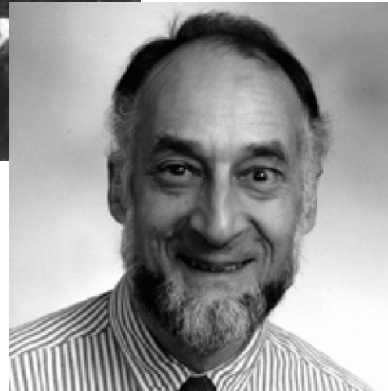
Laboratory for Foundations  
of Computer Science



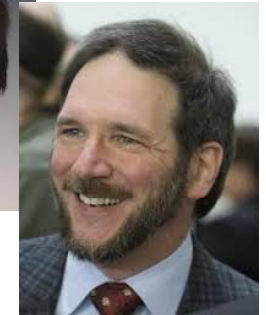
**Gordon Plotkin**



**Robin Milner**



**Rod Burstall**



**Don Sannella**



# Martin and me

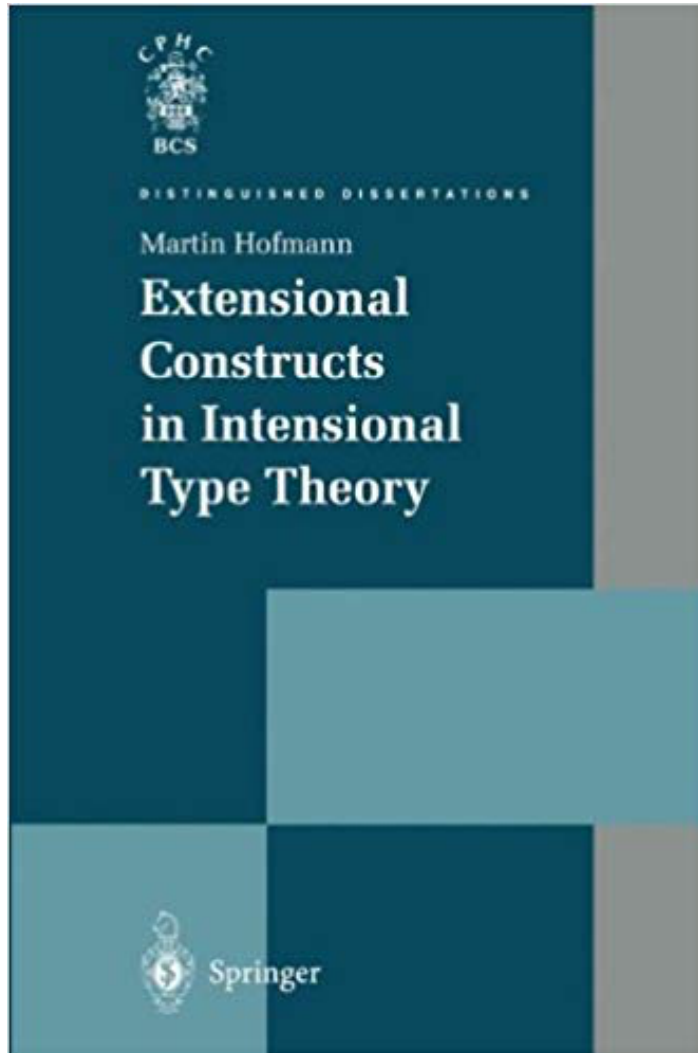
MH, BCP, “**A Unifying Type-Theoretic Framework for Objects**”, STACS 1994 and JFP 1995

MH, BCP, “**Positive Subtyping**”, POPL 1995 and I&C 1996

MH, BCP, “**Type Destructors**”, FOOL 1998 and I&C 2002

MH, BCP, Daniel Wagner, “**Symmetric lenses**”, POPL 2011

MH, BCP, Daniel Wagner, “**Edit lenses**”, POPL 2012



**Abstract:** ... The main result of the thesis consists of the construction of two models in which functional extensionality and quotient types are available. In the first one types are modelled by types together with proposition-valued partial equivalence relations. This model is rather simple and in addition provides subset types and propositional extensionality. However, it does not furnish proper dependent types such as vectors or matrices. We try to overcome this disadvantage by using another model based on families of type-valued equivalence relations which is however much more complicated and validates certain conversion rules only up to propositional equality. ...

TITLE	CITED BY	YEAR
<b>Static prediction of heap space usage for first-order functional programs</b> M Hofmann, S Jost ACM SIGPLAN Notices 38 (1), 185-197	349	2003
<b>The groupoid interpretation of type theory</b> M Hofmann, T Streicher Twenty-five years of constructive type theory (Venice, 1995) 36, 83-111	248	1998
<b>Linear types and non-size-increasing polynomial time computation</b> M Hofmann Information and Computation 183 (1), 57-85	236	2003
<b>Semantical analysis of higher-order abstract syntax</b> M Hofmann Logic in Computer Science, 1999. Proceedings. 14th Symposium on, 204-213	207	1999
<b>Syntax and semantics of dependent types</b> M Hofmann Extensional Constructs in Intensional Type Theory, 13-54	194	1997
<b>A type system for bounded space and functional in-place update</b> M Hofmann European Symposium on Programming, 165-179	180	2000
<b>Extensional concepts in intensional type theory</b> M Hofmann University of Edinburgh. College of Science and Engineering. School of ...	174	1995
<b>Type-based amortised heap-space analysis</b> M Hofmann, S Jost European Symposium on Programming, 22-37	137	2006
<b>Symmetric lenses</b> M Hofmann, B Pierce, D Wagner ACM SIGPLAN Notices 46 (1), 371-384	109	2011





**Cameron and Thorsten Altenkirch, with Annette and Martin, 2017**

**Darmstadt**

# TYPE SYSTEMS FOR POLYNOMIAL-TIME COMPUTATION

Vom Fachbereich Mathematik  
der Technischen Universität Darmstadt  
angenommene

HABILITATIONSSCHRIFT

von

**Martin Hofmann, PhD**

aus Erlangen

Referenten:

Prof. Dr. Th. Streicher (Darmstadt)  
Prof. Dr. K. Keimel (Darmstadt)  
Prof. Dr. D. Basin (Freiburg)  
Prof. Ph. Scott, PhD (Ottawa)

Tag der Einreichung: 30. Oktober 1998  
Tag des wissenschaftlichen Gesprächs: 12. Februar 1999

“This thesis introduces and studies a typed lambda calculus with higher-order primitive recursion over inductive datatypes which has the property that all definable number-theoretic functions are polynomial time computable. This is achieved by imposing type-theoretic restrictions on the way results of recursive calls can be used.”

Edinburgh

2000

# A Type System for Bounded Space and Functional In-Place Update—Extended Abstract

Martin Hofmann

LFCS Edinburgh, Mayfield Rd, Edinburgh EH9 3JZ, UK  
mxh@dcs.ed.ac.uk

**Abstract:** We show how linear typing can be used to obtain functional programs which modify heap-allocated data structures in place. We present this both as a “design pattern” for writing C-code in a functional style and as a compilation process from linearly typed first-order functional programs into malloc()-free C code.... The crucial innovation over previous linear typing schemes consists of the introduction of a resource type  $\diamond$  which controls the number of constructor symbols such as cons in recursive definitions and ensures linear space while restricting expressive power surprisingly little.



# Static Prediction of Heap Space Usage for First-Order Functional Programs

(Extended Version)

Martin Hofmann

Steffen Jost

LMU München, Institut für Informatik  
Oettingenstraße 67, 80538 München, Germany  
{mhofmann, jost}@informatik.uni-muenchen.de

2001

**Abstract:** We show how to efficiently obtain a priori bounds on the heap space consumption of first-order functional programs. The analysis take space reuse by explicit deallocation into account and also furnishes an upper bound on the heap usage in the presence of garbage collection. It covers a wide variety of examples including, for instance, the familiar sorting algorithms for lists, including quicksort....



**Munich**



Summer 2001, with Don Sannella and families



Summer 2002



# Type-based amortised heap-space analysis

Martin Hofmann<sup>1</sup> and Steffen Jost<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> LMU München, Institut für Informatik

<sup>2</sup> University of St Andrews, School of Computer Science

**Abstract:** We present a type system for a compile-time analysis of heap-space requirements of Java style object-oriented programs with explicit deallocation. Our system is based on an amortised complexity analysis: the data is arbitrarily assigned a potential related to its size and layout; allocations must be “payed for” from this potential. The potential of each input then furnishes an upper bound on the heap space usage for the computation on this input.

We successfully treat inheritance, downcast, update and aliasing. Example applications for the analysis include destination-passing style and doubly-linked lists. Type inference is explicitly not included; the contribution lies in the system itself and the nontrivial soundness theorem.

# Reading, Writing and Relations

## Towards Extensional Semantics for Effect Analyses

Nick Benton<sup>1</sup>, Andrew Kennedy<sup>1</sup>, Martin Hofmann<sup>2</sup>, and Lennart Beringer<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Microsoft Research, Cambridge

<sup>2</sup> Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität, München

**Abstract.** We give an elementary semantics to an effect system, tracking read and write effects by using relations over a standard extensional semantics for the original language. The semantics establishes the soundness of both the analysis and its use in effect-based program transformations.

# Symmetric Lenses

Martin Hofmann

Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität

Benjamin Pierce

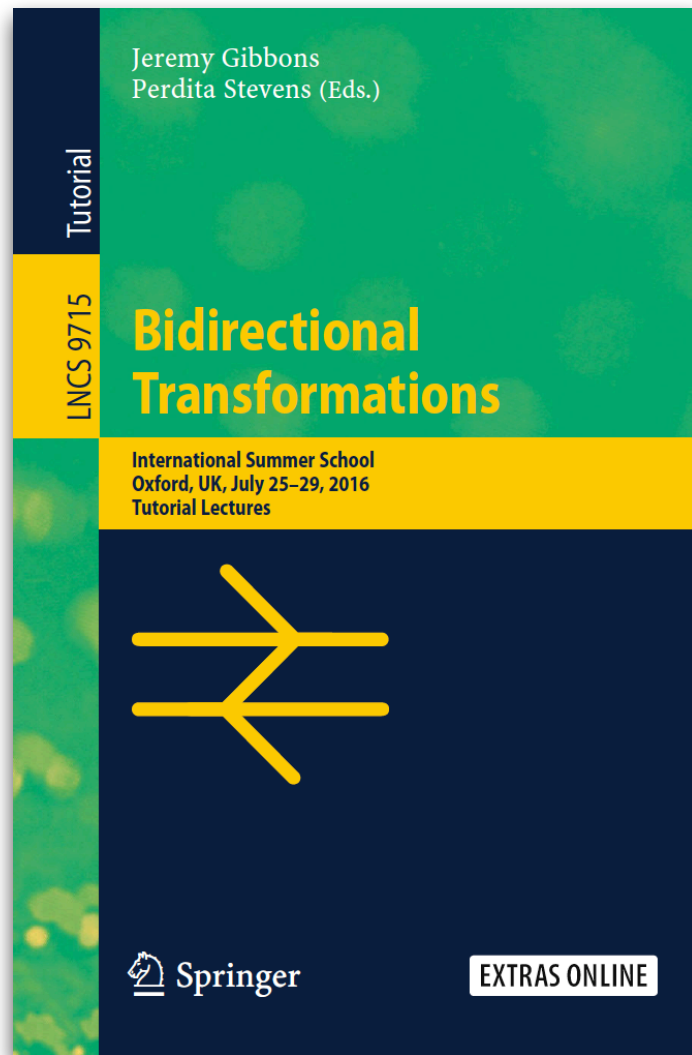
University of Pennsylvania

Daniel Wagner

University of Pennsylvania

**Abstract:** *Lenses*—bidirectional transformations between pairs of connected structures—have been extensively studied and are beginning to find their way into industrial practice. ... We offer two contributions to the theory of lenses. First, we present a new symmetric formulation, based on complements, an old idea from the database literature. This formulation generalizes the familiar structure of asymmetric lenses, and it admits a good notion of composition. Second, we explore the algebraic structure of the space of symmetric lenses...





## Modular Edit Lenses

Martin Hofmann†

LMU Munich, Munich, Germany

**Abstract.** This article is a reading guide to the theory of symmetric edit lenses by Pierce, Wagner, and the author, which form a general framework for the modular construction of bidirectional synchronizers and which generalize the popular lenses framework by Foster and Pierce to a truly symmetric, bidirectional setting.

The article describes both the state-based and the edit-based version, as well as an extended example instantiation involving tree-structured data. The main focus is on edit lenses and the categorical combinators which allow for their modular construction. The article is based on three original research papers [9–11, 22] and summarises these in a concise form but does not contain new scientific material.









**Brilliance**

**Brilliance**

**Warmth**

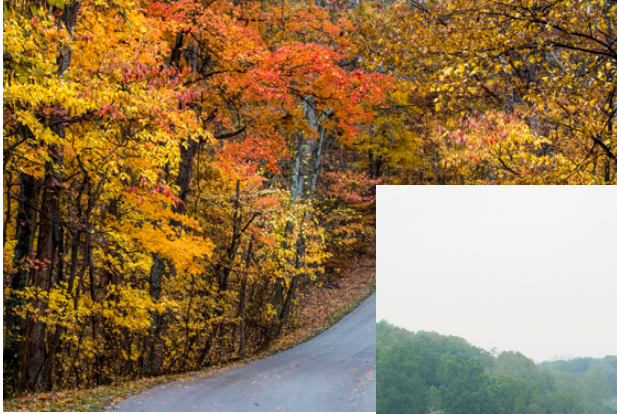
**Brilliance**

**Warmth**

**Fearlessness**



# Rural Indiana



Japan

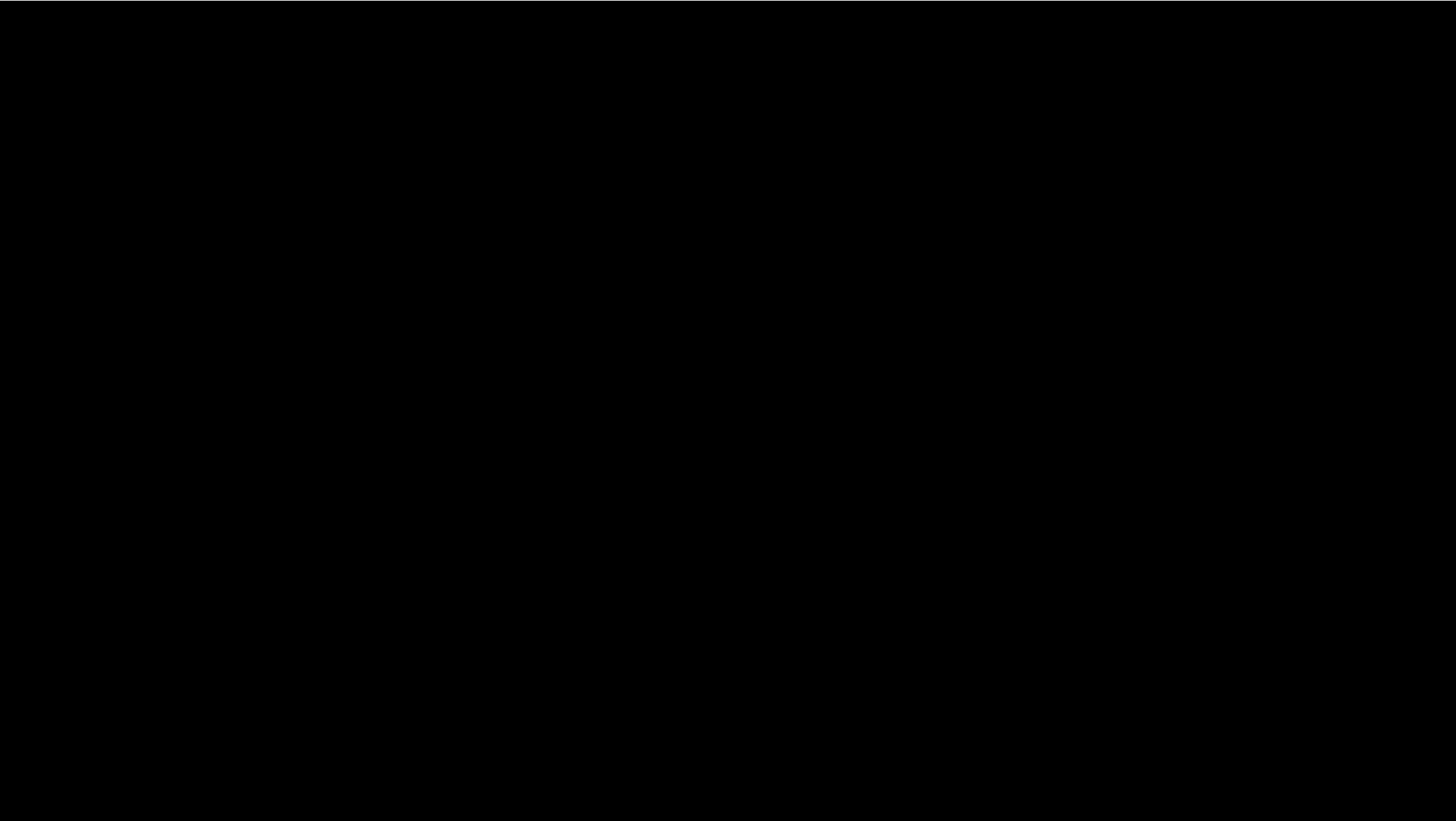


**Shonan Village Center**



**Mount Nikko Shirane**





Deutsche  
Grammophon

STEREO 437 093-2 [GTH]

DIGITAL  
SOUND

**Anne-Sophie Mutter**

Berg · Violinkonzert · Violin Concerto

Rihm · »Gesungene Zeit · Time Chant«

**Chicago Symphony Orchestra · James Levine**

NUMERIQUE



